SAFETY DATA SHEET

B50WZ3

Section 1. Identification				
Product name	Hi-Solids Alkyd Metal Primer Off White			
Product code	: B50WZ3			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
CAS #	: Not applicable.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
	he substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Not applicable.				
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115			
Supplier	: Compania Sherwin-Williams S.A. de C.V. Poniente 140 No.595 Col. Industrial Vallejo, Del. Azcapotzalco C.P. 02300, Ciudad de México, México			
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year			
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available			
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available			
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year			

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 9.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 20.2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 13%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.				
nazaru statements	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.				
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
	H350 - May cause cancer.				
	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.				
	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)				
Precautionary statements					
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. 				
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.				
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.				
	P242 - Use only non-sparking tools. P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P233 - Keep container tightly closed.				
	P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.				
	P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.				
Response	 P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. 				
	P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.				
	P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.				
	P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.				
	P305 + P315 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.				
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.				
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. 				
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by				
	deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow				
	respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.				
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.				
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.				

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Calcium Carbonate	45.39	471-34-1
Titanium Dioxide	9.13	13463-67-7
Talc	6.49	14807-96-6
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5.75	95-63-6
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	3.83	64742-95-6
Xylene	2.66	1330-20-7
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.53	108-67-8
Cumene	0.77	98-82-8
Ethylbenzene	0.44	100-41-4
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	0.26	14808-60-7
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	0.1	96-29-7
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.1	108-10-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	<u>ffects</u>				
Eye contact		rious eye irritation.			
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction				
	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.				
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>				
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness				
Inhalation	: No specific data.				
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness				
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting				
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 				
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.				
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.				

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions	for safe	handling
<u>r recautions</u>	IOI Juie	nanunig

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Calcium Carbonate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Talc	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	None.
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ethylbenzene	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name Exposure limits						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene			CA Alberta Pro 8 hrs OEL: 123 8 hrs OEL: 25 CA British Colu 7/2016). TWA: 25 ppm CA Québec Pro TWAEV: 25 pp TWAEV: 123 n CA Ontario Pro TWA: 25 ppm CA Saskatchev 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm TWA: 25 ppm	3 mg/m ³ 8 hour ppm 8 hours. Jimbia Provinc 8 hours. ovincial (Cana om 8 hours. ng/m ³ 8 hours. ovincial (Cana 8 hours. van Provincia 15 minutes.	rs. cial (Canada da, 1/2014). da, 7/2015).	a,
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Xylene			CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
			8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			15 min OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
			8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
			7/2016).
			,
			TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
			CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
			TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
			STEV: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
			STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
			7/2013).
			STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
135 Trimothylbonzono			CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene			· · · ·
			8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.
			CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
			7/2016).
			TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
			CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
			TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.
			TWAEV: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
			TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
			CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
			7/2013).
			STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene			CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
			8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			15 min OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
			CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
			7/2016).
			TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
			CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
			TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
			CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
			TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			0
			STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
			STEV: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
			7/2013).
			STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime			AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin
			sensitizer.
			TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
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Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.	
Xylene		NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Ethylbenzene		NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering controls to keep w recommended or statutory limits. The	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of orker exposure to airborne contaminants below an ne engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof	
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements o	rocess equipment should be checked to ensure f environmental protection legislation. In some gineering modifications to the process equipment as to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	res		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavate Appropriate techniques should be us Contaminated work clothing should it	roughly after handling chemical products, before bry and at the end of the working period. Sed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash g. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety n location.	
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necessing gases or dusts. If contact is possible	pproved standard should be used when a risk ary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, e, the following protection should be worn, unless egree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection	-		
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chern necessary. Considering the parame during use that the gloves are still re noted that the time to breakthrough	es complying with an approved standard should be mical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ters specified by the glove manufacturer, check taining their protective properties. It should be for any glove material may be different for different mixtures, consisting of several substances, the be accurately estimated.	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task be performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear ant static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	based on the task being performed a	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or certification.	or exposure, select a respirator that meets the Respirators must be used according to a sure proper fitting, training, and other important	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 138°C (280.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) [Tagliabue Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 0.53 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 7%
	: 0.79 kPa (5.9 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor pressure	
Vapor density	: 3.66 [Air = 1] : 1.73
Relative density	
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 9.483 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Calcium Carbonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Calcium Carbonate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
	-			Micrograms	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				Micrograms	
				Intermittent	
Talc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				Micrograms	
				Intermittent	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	_
		1 tabbit		microliters	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	_
, gione	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	_
		1 (dobit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	_
		i tat		microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	_
		1 (dobit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	100 Percent	_
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	_
		1 (dobit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	_
		i tubbit		milligrams	
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	_
Camerio		1 (dobit		milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 milligrams	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	_
		1 (dobit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	_
		1 (dobit		milligrams	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	_
		i tubbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 15	_
		1 CODIC		milligrams	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	_
				microliters	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	_
		1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit - Rabbit -	- 40 milligrams - - 24 hours 500 - milligrams
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Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Talc	-	3	-
Xylene	-	3	-
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Cumene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene Crystalline Silica, respirable powder Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 2	Inhalation Not determined Not determined Not determined Inhalation Not determined	lungs Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	ohys	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
	fect	s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health e	fec	<u>ts</u>
Not available.		

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General

- : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity Developmental effects Fertility effects

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	48213.3 mg/kg
Dermal	33013.4 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	163759 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	272.6 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Calcium Carbonate	Acute LC50 >56000 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 61 mg/g Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 28 days
Fitanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
I,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
(ylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
I,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7400 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
vlethyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
· -	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Xylene	-	-	Readily Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	low
Cumene	-	35.48	low
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
ate of issue/Date of rev	vision : 7/6/201	Date of previous	issue : 6/3/2017	 7 V(ersion :4 1

Packing group	III				
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-		-	-	Emergency schedules F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precautio	ດດ ກ ຣເ	onsider container sizes. ode of transport (sea, a uitably for that mode of	The presence of air, etc.), does not transport. All pack	a shipping desc indicate that the kaging must be r	iption for a particular product is packaged eviewed for suitability
Fransport in bulk	cc m su pr re ur su according : No	onsider container sizes. ode of transport (sea, a	The presence of air, etc.), does not transport. All pack mpliance with the on offering the pro ods must be traine	a shipping desc indicate that the kaging must be r applicable regu oduct for transpo ed on all of the ri	iption for a particular product is packaged eviewed for suitability lations is the sole rt. People loading and sks deriving from the
Fransport in bulk a	cc m sı pr re ur sı according : No RPOL and	onsider container sizes. ode of transport (sea, a uitably for that mode of ior to shipment, and co sponsibility of the perso nloading dangerous goo ubstances and on all ac t available.	The presence of air, etc.), does not transport. All pack mpliance with the on offering the pro ods must be traine tions in case of er	a shipping desc indicate that the kaging must be r applicable regu oduct for transpo ed on all of the ri mergency situati	product is packaged eviewed for suitability ations is the sole rt. People loading and sks deriving from the
Fransport in bulk and the IBC Code	cc m su pr re ur su according : No RPOL and Pro	onsider container sizes. ode of transport (sea, a uitably for that mode of ior to shipment, and co sponsibility of the perso nloading dangerous goo ubstances and on all ac	The presence of air, etc.), does not transport. All pack mpliance with the on offering the pro ods must be traine	a shipping desc indicate that the kaging must be r e applicable regu oduct for transpo ed on all of the ri- mergency situati ble.	iption for a particular product is packaged eviewed for suitability lations is the sole rt. People loading and sks deriving from the

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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